

LÊ THỊ HỒNG PHÚC – NGUYỄN THANH HƯƠNG

# BIG 4

**BỘ ĐỀ**  
**TỰ KIỂM TRA 4 KỸ NĂNG**

*Nghe* > *Nói* > *Đọc* > *Viết*

***Tiếng Anh***  
(Cơ bản & Nâng cao)

Lớp **7** Tập 2

NHÀ XUẤT BẢN ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA HÀ NỘI

## 1

## BASIC



Time  
for  
Exams

## A PHONETICS

## I

Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- |                       |                       |                      |                         |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. A. perform         | B. <u>e</u> nd        | C. fe <u>s</u> tival | D. <u>e</u> lephant     |
| 2. A. c <u>a</u> ke   | B. cele <u>b</u> rate | C. r <u>a</u> cing   | D. c <u>a</u> ndle      |
| 3. A. de <u>s</u> ert | B. he <u>d</u>        | C. p <u>r</u> fer    | D. ce <u>b</u> rate     |
| 4. A. <u>th</u> ose   | B. <u>th</u> ey       | C. <u>th</u> an      | D. <u>Th</u> anksgiving |
| 5. A. design <u>s</u> | B. sail <u>s</u>      | C. ped <u>a</u> ls   | D. pollute <u>s</u>     |

## II

Find the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

- |               |            |             |            |
|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. A. harvest | B. parade  | C. music    | D. pumpkin |
| 2. A. offer   | B. prefer  | C. abroad   | D. arrive  |
| 3. A. famous  | B. joyful  | C. usual    | D. alone   |
| 4. A. exist   | B. avoid   | C. support  | D. notice  |
| 5. A. hungry  | B. disease | C. spacious | D. danger  |



## VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

### III Find the word which doesn't belong to each group.

- |                    |                |              |                 |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. entertaining | B. interesting | C. hilarious | D. moving       |
| 2. A. in spite of  | B. because     | C. Despite   | D. although     |
| 3. A. however      | B. But         | C. so        | D. nevertheless |
| 4. A. wind         | B. coal        | C. solar     | D. hydro        |
| 5. A. unlimited    | B. plentiful   | C. various   | D. shortage     |

### IV Fill in the blank with a suitable word given.

*renewable      heat      station      alternative      installing*

1. By the middle of the 21<sup>st</sup> century, people in developing countries will be using more ..... energy
2. .... sources of energy will be developed in the near future.
3. At this time next week, we will be ..... a wind turbine in our garden.
4. A hydro ..... will be built in the North of the country next year.
5. Solar power can be used to .....or cool our house.

### V Choose a suitable option A, B, C or D.

1. He is a teacher,.....?  
A. is he                      B. doesn't he                      C. wasn't he                      D. isn't he
2. He is tired,..... he has to stay up late.  
A .therefore                      B. so                      C. and                      D. but
3. The car.....in Japan  
A. is made                      B. makes                      C. made                      D. are made
4. Tom said that he.....in the city.  
A. living                      B.lives                      C. lived                      D. live

5. Let's play soccer,.....?  
 A. aren't you      B. won't you      C. will we      D. shall we
6. I used to.....up late, when I was a child  
 A. getting      B. got      C. get      D.to get
7. He.....playing guitar at night  
 A. is used to      B. used to      C. use to      D. are used to
8. A .....is a film that tries to make audiences laugh.  
 A. sci-fi      B. documentary      C. comedy      D. horror
9. I found the book so ..... that I couldn't take my eyes off the screen.  
 A. gripping      B. shocking      C. tiring      D. boring
10. We found the plot of the film.....  
 A. bored      B. boring      C. interested      D. acting

## VI Put the verbs into the correct tense.

1. ....You (wait) .....for her when her plane arrives tonight?
2. Don't phone me between 7 and 8. We (have) ..... dinner then.
3. I (send) ..... you my book tomorrow.
4. We hope the new Director (find) ..... more jobs for his employees.
5. Nam is a hard-working student. He (pass) ..... the exam easily this year.

## VII Make a question for the underlined part of each sentence.

1. It is 10 kilometers from here to ACB bank.  
 .....
2. I have known Marie for nine years.  
 .....
3. Yes, they used to be friends at the university.  
 .....
4. Sarah left two hours ago.  
 .....

5. She is watching Tom and Jerry.

.....

6. It is an action film.

.....

7. She likes watching comedy.

.....

8. I felt terrified before my last Maths test.

.....

9. She felt entertained when she watched a gripping film.

.....

10. There will be a solution to this shortage of clean water.

.....

**VIII** Fill in the blank with a suitable Possessive Adjective or Possessive Pronoun.

1. I see that he has lost..... pencil; perhaps you can lend him.

2. Tell him not to forget..... ticket; she mustn't forget....., either.

3. We have taken our share, has she taken.....?

4. I gave him some plants of..... in exchange for some of...

5. Nam has come to see me, ..... father and..... were school friends.



## C. READING



### IX Read the passage and fill the most suitable word into each blank.

Vietnam's New Year is celebrated according to the Lunar calendar. It is especially known as Tet Nguyen Dan, or Tet. It begins (1).....January twenty-first and February nineteen. The exact date changes from year to year. Vietnamese people usually make (2)..... for the holiday several weeks beforehand. They tidy their houses, cook special food, clean and make offerings on the family altars. On the New Year's Eve, people sit up to midnight to see New Year in, then they put on new (3).....and give one another the greetings of the season. Tet lasts ten days. The first three days are the most (4)..... Vietnamese people believe that how people act during those days will influence the whole year. As a result, they make every effort to avoid arguments and (5)..... as much as possible.

### X Read the passage and answer the questions.

Two popular traditions at Christmas are decorating the home and singing Christmas carols.

The home is the center of the Christmas celebration inside, an evergreen tree is usually placed in a corner of the living room. Children and their parents wrap strings on colorful lights around the tree. They hang ornament on the branches. A star or angel often grows the top carefully. Wrapped gifts are placed beneath outside, families often string lights around windows and wind lights around tree and shrubs in front yard. As families decorate their home, they often put on a Christmas record. Almost every family has a least one favorite Christmas album or compact disc school children of all ages perform Christmas concerts for their parents and communities on Christmas' s Eve family members gather around the Christmas tree to sing Traditional song such as (Jingle bell and silent night) and then give presents to each other.



**Answer the questions:**

1. What are the popular traditions at Christmas?

.....

2. Where is the evergreen tree put?

.....

3. How do they decorate the Christmas tree?

.....

4. What thing can't be excepted from each family?

.....

5. What do family members often do on Christmas' Eve?

.....



## D. SPEAKING



**XI** Have you ever taken part in a festival? Tell about it.

*You should base on the suggestions below:*

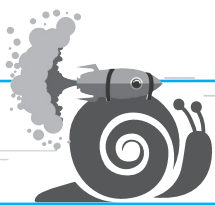
- What was the festival?
- When/ Where was it held?
- Who did you go with?
- What were the activities there?
- What did you do there?
- How did you think about the festival?

**XII** Tell about the means of transport that you are going to use in the next 10 years.

*You should base on the suggestions below:*

- What is it?
- What is it like?
- Why are you going to use it?





## E. LISTENING



Quét mã  
QR để nghe

**XIII** Listen to a man talking about recycling. Decide if the statements below are true (T) or false (F).

1. In the past, people cared much about recycling. ....
2. Now, people are throwing away a lot of useful things. ....
3. Recycling means we will use more natural resources. ....
4. The man doesn't really like recycling. ....
5. The man recycles some stuff but never buy used things. ....

**XIV** Listen again and fill in the gaps with the missing words.

- People would think you were (1)..... for recycling things. Today, things are (2)..... We now know we have a problem. We use too much stuff and (3)..... everything away.
- Some of the countries I've lived in are (4)..... at recycling. There are giant (5)..... banks at the end of the street and places to leave newspapers, clothes, batteries and metal.



**XV Reorder the following words to make meaningful sentences.**

1. used/ Linh/ go/ and/ school/ I/ to/ together/ to.  
.....
2. movies/ although/ interesting/ of/ watching/ takes/ is/ lot/ it/ a/ time.  
.....
3. willing/ people/ alternative/ sources/ very/ country/ in/ use/ this/ are/ to/ energy.  
.....
4. cause/ being/ environment/ over-crowded/ may/ a/ of/ pollution/ be.  
.....
5. The/ control/ policies/ future/ government/ the/ have/ more/ to/ will/ births/ in.  
.....

**XVI Rewrite the following sentences based on the given words.**

1. It is so annoying to live in a noisy neighborhood.  
→ I feel ..... (annoyed)
2. Travelling in the past had a lot of difficulties, but now it doesn't.  
→ Travelling in the past..... (used)
3. Many people still came to join the Flower Festival in spite of the bad weather.  
→ Many ..... (although)
4. I am in favor of cartoon films. My sister is in favor of romantic films.  
→ I am ..... (however)
5. This interesting local festival will attract many foreign visitors.  
→ Many foreign visitors..... (be)

## XVII

**XVII** Write a paragraph (80-100 words) to tell about the common traffic situation in your living area. What do you think should be done to improve the situation?

***You should base on the suggestions below:***

- How is the traffic in your living area?
- Why is it so?
- What should be done to better the situation?

[illegible]

## A PHONETICS

I.

1. A 2. D 3. C 4. D 5. D

II.

1. B 2. A 3. D 4. D 5. B

## B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

III.

1. D 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. D

IV.

1. renewable 2. alternative  
3. installing 4. station 5. heat

V.

1. D 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. D  
6. C 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. B

VI.

1. will.....wait 2. will be having  
3. will send 4. will find  
5. will pass

VII.

1. How far is it from here to ACB bank?
2. How long have you known Marie?
3. Were they friends at the university?
4. When did Sarah leave?
5. What's she watching?
6. What kind of this film is it?
7. What kind of film does she like watching?
8. How did you feel before your last Maths test?
9. How did she feel when she watched a gripping film?
10. What will there be a solution to?

VIII.

1. his 2. his/ hers 3. hers  
4. his 5. my/ we

## C READING

IX.

1. between 2. preparations  
3. clothes 4. important  
5. smile

X.

1. Two popular traditions at Christmas are decorating the home and singing Christmas carols.
2. The home is the center of the Christmas celebration inside called an evergreen tree.
3. Children and their parents wrap strings on colorful lights around the tree, they hang ornament on the branches, a star or angel often grows the top carefully.
4. Almost every family has a least one favorite Christmas album or compact disc which school children of all ages performed Christmas concerts.
5. On Christmas' s Eve family members gather around the Christmas tree to sing Traditional songs

## E LISTENING

XIII.

1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F

XIV.

1. crazy 2. different  
3. throw 4. experts 5. bottle

### Listening transcript:

When I was young, we never used the word recycling. It wasn't important. People would think you were crazy for recycling things. Today, things are different. We now know we have a problem. We use too much stuff and throw

everything away. Lots of the stuff we throw away is very useful. It can be used again, recycled. This is good for the environment because we use fewer natural resources. I love recycling. It makes me feel as though I'm helping the Earth. I even buy things like used furniture and clothes. This also recycles. Some of the countries I've lived in are experts at recycling. There are giant bottle banks at the end of the street and places to leave newspapers, clothes, batteries and metal.

## F WRITING

### XV.

1. Linh and I used to go to school together.
2. Although watching movies is interesting, it takes a lot of time.
3. People in this country are very willing to use alternative energy sources.
4. Being over-crowded may be a cause of environment pollution.
5. The government will have more policies to control births in the future.

### XVI.

1. I feel so annoyed to live in a noisy neighborhood.
2. Travelling in the past used to have a lot of difficulties.
3. Many people still came to join the Flower Festival although the weather was bad.
4. I am in favor of cartoon films; however, my sister is in favor of romantic films.
5. Many foreign visitors will be attracted by this interesting local festival.

END - OF - TERM

TEST 2 **ADVANCED**

## A PHONETICS

### I.

1. D    2. A    3. C    4. B    5. B

### II.

1. A    2. C    3. D    4. B    5. A

## B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

### III.

1. D    2. B    3. D    4. A    5. D

### IV.

1. shortage    2. flying    3. slums  
4. aircraft    5. mono-wheel

### V.

1. B    2. B    3. D    4. C    5. B  
6. A    7. C    8. A    9. B    10. D

### VI.

1. is    2. affect    3. will hardly find  
4. will be built    5. is used

### VII.

1. How did she go to school yesterday?
2. Where did he buy this hat?
3. How long did it take you to finish your homework?
4. Why do you need a phone card?
5. How far is it from Lai Chau to Ha Noi?
6. What did her neighbor give her?
7. When did they return to America?
8. Why did she go to the doctor?
9. When did Nam leave home?
10. What did he teach in the high school?

### VIII.

1. his    2. yours    3. ours  
4. hers    5. mine